

VOL. XXVIII.

NORTH PACIFIC MANUFACTURING CO.
Great Reduction of Prices!

WILL OFFER UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

FARM WAGONS at.....	\$ 70
OREGON HACKS, 4-spring.....	125
SQUIRES' PAT. BUGGY.....	100
All other goods at the same proportionate reduction.	

FACTORY AND REPOSITORY, 21st and T Streets.

W. JACKSON & CO., Proprietors.

DIAMONDS
JEWELRY
WATCHES
SILVERWARE
L. C. HENRICHSEN, 149 First St.Largest Stock
Finest Goods
New Designs
Lowest PricesNew Year's
GIFTS.OPEN EVENINGS Sat., 21 & 30.
Until Jan. 1st.

T. E. BROWN Manufacturer of

Sealskin Garments to Order a Specialty.

Best Alaska Seal, London Dye and Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

29 Washington Street.

CHARLES KORN
CHAS. KOHN & CO.,
The Wholesale Wine and Whisky Merchants
52 & 54 Front St., Portland, Oregon.Sole Agents of the Most Celebrated Brand of
"United We Stand" Kentucky Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.
Peruvian Bitters.
Delbeck & Co.LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE
THE HIGHEST GRADE CHAMPAGNE IN THE WORLD
"CARTE BLANCHE," "GRAND VIN SEC."
(WHITE LABEL) (BROWN LABEL)
4 Magnificent White Wines.
See that Every Bottle bears the Private Label of
MACONDRAY & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.300
SEALS
OF ALL KINDS AND STYLES. Write for
Circulars and Prices.
PORTLAND : : : OREGONSOME SIDE.
No tiresome hills, discouraging stumps or gravel beds to overcome; but, on the contrary, beautiful grounds ready for buildings. We assert, without fear of contradiction, that no suburb about Portland has so many fine tide purchasers, and so many cottages now being erected or under contract. New coaches on the motor line will be running within a week. Mr. Joseph Holder can be found at the store and will show the grounds and give information. No lots secured until deposit is made with J. FEED CLARK & SONS, or TELFER, STEARNS & CO., No. 13 Stark St.THE MARCH OF PROGRESS!
OUR LATEST IMPROVEMENTS!

"Competition is the life of trade," and if you have not seen our latest improved goods you cannot imagine how lively trade is, how hard our competitors are working to keep within sight of us. To your convenience we have the James Means \$3 Shoe, the James Means \$4 Shoe, according to your requirements.

Especially none genuine unless having our name and price stamped upon the sides. You require nothing else. We are doing well, and you do not hand over your money to us unless you can tell what you are getting and our retail is probably making you pay double what your goods cost us.

We will place them easily within your reach in any State or Territory if you will in view one cent a pound and write to us.

JAMES MEANS, CO., 41 LINCOLN STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Full lines of the above Shoes are for sale by JOHN BRADY, 227 FIRST STREET, PORTLAND.

On and after February 1, 1888, a full line will also be for sale by PROTEIN & DEFRANCE, Cor. THIRD AND ALDER STREETS, PORTLAND.

No other dealers are authorized to sell our goods in Portland, the above having the sole control.

JAMES MEANS' \$3 SHOE UNEXCELLED IN STYLE UNEQUALLED IN DURABILITY & PERFECTION SEAMLESS \$4 SHOE

Each has the recent progress in our branch of industry that we are now able to affirm that the James Means \$4 Shoe is in every way equal to the shoe which only a few years ago were retailed at eight dollars. It is a shoe which is equal to the \$10.00 shoe, and it is a shoe which is equal to the original \$3 and \$4 shoes, and those who initiate our system of business are unable to compete with us in quality of factory products. In our line we are the largest manufacturers in the United States.

The following is a copy of the letter from the Count and Hocky Mountain Heron written there from as follows:

"I have thus far succeeded in placing our full line in the hands of men I like, and every person I have visited goes on to say, 'This is a wonderful region for us to sell shoes in, because most of the retailers are churning their customers at retail about double the price of ours, and we are getting a good market for our goods.' We are getting a good market for our goods, paying six or seven dollars a pair for which are not worth as much as our JAMES MEANS' \$3 and \$4 SHOES. Our shoes with their very low retail prices stand on the market, every pair is sold at a profit, and the men who buy them are getting a good market for our goods."

To the reader, just step up and see the difference between our goods and those of the others. You can tell what you are getting and our retail is probably making you pay double what your goods cost us.

We will place them easily within your reach in any State or Territory if you will in view one cent a pound and write to us.

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— ALSO AT —

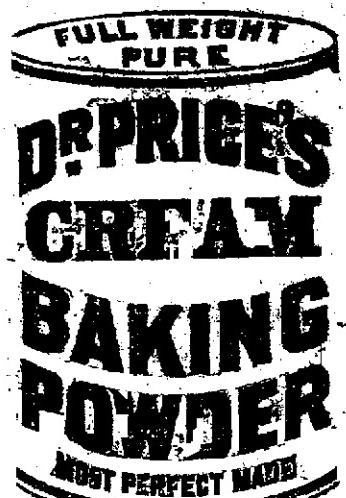
THE RED FRONT, 29 AND 31, NORTH FIRST STREET, PORTLAND.

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PORTLAND, OREGON, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1888.

TELLER AND HARRISON
Local Politicians Puzzled by the Senator's Visit.

A BRIEF ALLUSION TO MITCHELL.

A Little Girl Calls on Gen. Harrison, and Asks Him to Find Out a Cabinet Black, So She Can Win a Prize.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 28.—The only distinguished out-of-town visitor at the residence of the president-elect to-day was Senator H. M. Teller of Colorado, ex-secretary of the interior under President Arthur. Senator Teller arrived in the city last night, and was a guest of Col. and Mrs. N. R. Rickett. He had a long private talk with the president-elect this morning, and left the city shortly after noon.

There is considerable speculation as to what passed between the general and his visitor, especially as to what was the senator's particular mission. In an interview just prior to calling upon the president-elect, the senator said he thought the tariff reform bill would range the Senate not later than January 1, and that the House would be in session on December 29.

THE TALK ABOUT MITCHELL.

Regarding the talk about Senator Mitchell as a cabinet possibility, Teller said: "He would make a very good cabinet officer, but I do not know that he deserves such a position. I have tried my best to urge him to do it, but if he would leave the Senate, there would be nothing in the way of his acceptance. It should be appointed, but his successor in the Senate would be a replacement to the Oregon legislature is represented."

The senator thought that one new cabinet office would certainly come from the West. He stated that he expected the president to draw on the present cabinet on political matters, but he should not urge the appointment of any man. He should, however, tell him what he thought about some men. In response to a query as to whether he recommended Blaine for the cabinet, the senator said: "I am not sure that he is not general in an opinion that Blaine should be in the cabinet. Senator Teller replied: "There is a division of opinion. Blaine's friends think that he will be secretary of state, but I am not sure that he is not the man who should be appointed."

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Prosecuting Attor engaged, during the on the affidavits in cases. He stated to that there would be a side of the state, change of venue, the principal object of moving. Washington desired by the pris affidavits will proba and if they are, the then should a c granted, the lawye nearly the difficulty getting a jury.

THE LATEST CHAPTER

IN THE SWITZERLAND

OF THE SWITZERLAND

BONDED THE WHOLE TRACT.

An Important Meeting of the Board
Directors of the H. P. I. A.

Various Matters Discussed—Secretary's Report
Presented the Dead—The Stockholders
Will Meet Tuesday, January 2.

A meeting of the board of directors of the North Pacific Industrial Association was held last evening at the parlor of the Commercial National Bank, President DeLachau in the chair.

It was some time after the hour set for the meeting, before a quorum had arrived and while waiting for the lagards, those present discussed the advisability of making a motion at the next meeting of the stockholders to increase the number of directors. As now constituted the board consists of twenty-five members, of whom it takes seven to make a quorum. It seemed to be the general opinion that business could be transacted more expeditiously with a smaller board, but no definite expression as to what would be done.

When President DeLachau called the meeting to order there were present Messrs. Donald Macleay, Frank Dekum, E. P. East, H. L. Pitcock, Walter Burrell, E. J. Jeffery, E. A. King, Frank McDermott, Louis Pfundt and William Kapner.

Secretary J. C. Moreland read the minutes of the last meeting, which were approved.

The secretary then submitted the following report:

To the Board of Directors of the North Pacific Industrial Association—Gentlemen: I have collected the first assessment on 1024 shares, which amounts to \$2,000.00, and the same can be collected, which will make the sum of \$67,60.

There are on the auditorium ten offices to let, all of which are let to A. N. King, upon which no assessments have been paid, as it is contemplated that they will be paid up, if the property is sold by Mr. King.

There have collected from all subscriptions a total of \$2,275., for which I hold the account.

On the 20th instant the committee reported of the Portland Savings bank the sum of \$2000, which bears 6 percent interest. This makes a total of \$67,800.

Against this I have by the order of this board and the executive committee drawn warrants amounting to \$10,000.00. This amount was ap-

plied to the expenses of the tract.

For land of O' Hara \$18,125.00

Expense \$1,000.00

Bills \$1,000.00

Furniture and Fixtures \$1,000.00

Ground \$1,000.00

Total \$63,825.00

This leaves a balance of \$1,000.00 which the association will have to pay to the stockholders.

There are uncollected subscriptions amounting to \$10,000.00 which are probably good.

Overdrawn savings \$3,000.00

Overdrawn warrants \$2,157.57

Extra work by contractors, aldermen, etc., estimated \$2,000.00

Total \$42,677.57

Amounts of good subscriptions \$9,225.00

Leaving amount owing \$4,452.57

The lighting and heating of the building is also to be provided for. The report was received and filed.

THE WHOLE TRACT PAID.

The manner of receiving a deed from Mr. A. N. King for the tract on which the exposition building stands next came up for consideration. The tract originally bonded by the association was about eight blocks. Mr. King said it on what was considered a low price, \$6000 a block, on condition that he was not to make a deed to the land till the Exposition building was erected.

Both sides agreed in favor of buying only about five blocks, which would reduce the cost of the tract \$24,000.

The question to be decided was whether the whole tract, extending south of Salmon street, should be bought, or whether three blocks should be left.

Quite a lively discussion took place, in which many took part.

Mr. Kayne thought the association was not organized to speculate in real estate, and that it was not necessary that they should buy \$24,000 worth of land more than they needed.

Mr. Macleay said that Mr. King took the purchase price in stock, and that it would be reasonable to pay him \$12,000 for the additional three blocks.

The matter of heating and lighting was spoken of, and it was estimated that \$15,000 would be required for this purpose, and this led to some discussion as to how money could be raised.

It was generally conceded that there would be no difficulty about this, as the property could be bonded, or any money received could be applied on long time at a low rate of interest.

It was suggested that the tract bought from Mr. O'Hara could be sold, as an advance on the price paid, and offered to the association, and the stockholders unanimous against this proposition, several saying "We want the O'Hara tract."

The secretary stated that there were still \$10,000 in the treasury which could be drawn.

There seemed to be a general desire that the whole of the tract bonded should be purchased. The entire board expressed unbounded confidence in the advance of property in the tract, and the association felt that it could easily get rid of it by and by.

It was not possible, while it would not be possible after a while, to secure the land at the price for which it was now offered.

Mr. Macleay said he would pay the price asked for the land.

Mr. E. A. King said his father would not sell it to a private person for that price.

Mr. Macleay inquired whether the board buy the whole tract, which motion carried unanimously.

THE DEAD PRESIDENTS.

On motion it was ordered that the association accept a deed for the tract and issue Mr. A. N. King stock for half the purchase price, and give notes for the balance. Mr. King and Mr. E. A. King take thirty-six shares of stock additional, and the board decided to borrow \$6000 from Mr. King. This will make the total amount of stock \$600, less than the price of thirty-six shares of stock, on which interest is to be paid at 7% per cent.

A deed was then presented from Mr. King for the tract, and the association accepted the deed, with an option to buy the tract at a price of \$12,000.

The assessments for the Twiner creek sewer are nearly all paid in, after long and tedious delay, which has been particularly annoying to the contractors for the work.

Messrs. Bays & Jeffery, who have been obliged to lay out of their money while the litigation necessary to induce unwilling property owners to pay, was gone through with.

The assessments for the rest of property to cover this amount are in the hands of the carrier of police, even the most inveterate growers are coming to the front, and taking up their rights as far as possible, but Mr. Bay stands ready to bid whatever the market may be.

And in collecting the fifteen per cent, and interest which people will pay to pay to debtors, get even for waiting so long for his money.

CARRY THE NEWS, MARY!

Mr. G. W. Fales Will Bear the Important Document to Washington Himself.

Speaking of the meeting of the presidential elect of this state, the attorney says:

On the 15th of next month Hon. C. W. Fales, William Knobell and Robert McLean will meet at the capitol building in Olympia, Washington, for the president of the United States, for the presentation of the list of electors.

The first design is traced with ink upon transparent paper, and the many illustrations of this which are necessary are obtained by a species of photography.

A reporter happened into a railroad office yesterday, where an apparatus of the kind is, and to gratify his curiosity, one was produced in about five minutes, complete in every line from the boldest to the most delicate tracing.

The first design is traced with ink upon transparent paper, and the many illustrations of this which are necessary are obtained by a species of photography.

The transparent tracing is spread over a sheet of yellowish prepared paper, like a fine plate-glass, and tied with the sun soon after the design upon the paper is made.

"Dark room," when the paper is washed with ordinary water, completes the outfit. The process has come much more extensively into vogue the past five years, since the

paper has become a commercial article, and longer the result of a troublesome preparation in the office. The practice was first introduced at Portland in 1879, by the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, and since come into general use in all places where a sketch or accurate copy of a map or design is desired.

The English have a patent which prints in black and white, an effect secured by different waxes. The easiest method of illustrating which shows distinctly the white lines upon a dark blue ground.

CHINESE GAMBLERS SHOULD GO.

Highbinder Societies Should Be Suppressed—Writs Being Issued by the Infernal Gambling Den.

"Why don't the police go after the Chinese gambling houses?" was asked an Oregonian reporter by a prominent Chinaman yesterday. "The police are arresting the white gamblers, while the Chinese gambling game continues without interference."

"What harm are the Chinese gambling houses?" was then asked.

The harm is just here, that the gambling houses are at the bottom of all highbinder societies. The gambling houses are the ground work for highbinder societies, and as long as one exists, there is another.

"The proposed establishment of a naval station on the North Pacific coast," said the major, "is important in two principal directions. First, its military aspect; second, its bearing on commerce."

"Then you don't think that the highbinder societies are now broken up?"

"No, I do not believe that they are. The police may have compelled them to take down their signs, and highbinder societies are now away from the gambling dens as well as their organizations, but the life and spirit of these societies can be suppressed as long as there are houses which create them."

"The city authorities here no doubt think that they have effectively crushed out all highbinder societies, but that is not the case."

"One of the main outward signs of these houses have disappeared in pursuance of the order of the city authorities. In fact, the vigilance of the police even now fail to see anything that is a definite sign of a highbinder society."

"You actually believe that the highbinder societies are as much alive as ever?"

"Yes, I do. Furthermore, I think that the highbinder societies exist as long as gambling is allowed. Of course the meetings are secret, in as far as meetings are necessary."

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"Yes, I do. Furthermore, I think that the highbinder societies exist as long as gambling is allowed. Of course the meetings are secret, in as far as meetings are necessary."

"Do you believe the better class of Chinese are to be found in gambling houses?"

"The cheapest way to detect a highbinder is to take notice of the signs of wealth. All possible signs are to be avoided, and the name of the house is the key to highbinder sound and to the name of the house is the key to highbinder sound."

"It is somewhat difficult as long as the authorities are afraid to make a determined fight. The trouble is, however, is the amount of money involved. The gambling houses represent too much money, and are very difficult to find."

"It would be a matter of economy to stamp out these gambling dens. The Chinese would become better and more upright citizens and the world would no longer need remain in fear of highbinder riots."

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"How is the Columbia river compared as a site for a naval station?"

"The points upon the Columbia are wholly in control of the United States in case of war with any foreign power, and while the Columbia is not a natural harbor, it is a good harbor for a naval station."

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Electives Held by the G. T. A. of A. Local Union No. 43, and the Masonic Lodges

of the City.

At a recent meeting of the branch of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America of Portland, the following officers were elected: President, J. Maloney; Vice-President, J. Courtney; Secretary, J. W. Courtney; Financial Treasurer, M. O'Donnell; Auditor, William Morrison, Corcoran, sergeant-at-arms. T. Glynn, Captain; P. Campion, board of trustees, Capt. F. T. A. C. H. Noble, John Gustafson and Al Yarlett. The union is in a flourishing condition.

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